Version With Markings To Show Changes Made

In the specification

The following paragraph has been added on page 1, following the title:

This application is a continuation of International Application No. PCT/GB00/03573, filed September 18, 2000, the entire contents of which are incorporated herein by reference.

In the Claims

Claims 21 and 25 have been cancelled without prejudice or disclaimer.

Claims 28-41 have been added.

Claims 1-20, 22-24, and 26-27 have been amended as follows:

- 1. (Amended) [A] <u>An isolated</u> Glutathione-S-transferase (GST) comprising [the] <u>an</u> amino acid sequence [depicted as SEQ ID No. 10 or a variant GST] having at least <u>about</u> 80% identity [therewith with the *proviso* that said variant GST] <u>with SEQ ID NO:10</u>, wherein said GST does not comprise [the] <u>an</u> amino acid sequence [depicted as SEQ ID No. 36] characterized by SEQ ID NO: 36.
- 2. (Amended) [A] <u>The GST</u> [or variant GST] according to claim [1 which] <u>1</u>, wherein said GST is capable of conferring resistance [and/or] or tolerance upon a plant to [a] an herbicide which comprises at least one of formsafen [and/or] and acifluorfen.
- 3. (Amended) [A] An isolated polynucleotide comprising a region which encodes [a] the GST [or a variant GST] according to claim 1 [or claim 2].
- 4. (Amended) [A] <u>The polynucleotide according to claim [3] 3, wherein said polynucleotide comprises</u> [comprising the] <u>a nucleotide</u> sequence [depicted as SEQ ID No. 14] <u>characterized by SEQ ID NO:14</u>.
- 5. (Amended) [A] An isolated polynucleotide sequence which is [the complement of one] complementary to a sequence which binds to [a] the polynucleotide according to claim 3 [or claim 4] at a temperature of between about 60°C and about 65°C in 0.3 strength citrate buffered saline containing 0.1% SDS followed by rinsing at [the same] said temperature with 0.3 strength citrate buffered saline containing 0.1% [SDS]

<u>SDS</u>, wherein said polynucleotide sequence [still encodes a functional GST with the *proviso* that said polynucleotide sequence is not the sequence depicted as SEQ ID No. 38] <u>comprises a region which encodes a GST</u>, and wherein said polynucleotide sequence is not characterized by SEQ ID NO: 38.

- 6. (Amended) [A] <u>An isolated protein comprising [the] an amino acid</u> sequence [depicted as SEQ ID No.1 or a protein variant] having at least about 70% identity [therewith] <u>with SEQ ID NO:1</u>, wherein said protein [or variant] is capable of catalyzing [the] <u>an</u> addition of Beta-alanine [onto] <u>to gamma glutamylcysteine</u>.
- 7. (Amended) [A] <u>The protein [variant] according to claim [6 having] 6, wherein said protein exhibits a Km for Beta-alanine which is less than [the] said protein's [variants] Km for glycine when <u>said Km for Beta-alanine and said Km for glycine are calculated using [the same] an identical method.</u></u>
- 8. (Amended) [A] <u>The</u> protein [variant] according to claim [7 having a] <u>7</u>, wherein said Km for Beta-alanine [which] is less than or equal to about 0.8 mM and [a] said Km for glycine [which] is higher than 0.8 mM [when calculated using the same method].
- 9. (Amended) [A] <u>The protein [variant]</u> according to claim [7 or 8 which variant comprises] <u>7</u>, wherein said protein comprises an amino acid sequence [selected from the group depicted as SEQ ID No. 2, 3, 4 or 5] <u>characterized by at least one of SEQ ID NO:3</u>, SEQ ID NO:4, and SEQ ID NO:5.
- 10. (Amended) [A] <u>An isolated polynucleotide comprising a region encoding</u> the protein [or protein variant] according to <u>claim 6</u> [any one of claims 6 to 9].
- 11. (Amended) [A] <u>The</u> polynucleotide according to claim [10 which comprises] <u>10</u>, wherein said polynucleotide comprises a [the] sequence [depicted as SEQ ID No. 6] <u>characterized by SEQ ID NO:6</u>.
 - 12. (Amended) [A] An isolated polynucleotide [comprising] comprising:
 - (a) a first region comprising a polynucleotide [according to any one of claims 3 to 5] encoding the GST according to claim 1; and

- (b) a second region comprising a polynucleotide [according to claim 10 or 11] encoding a protein comprising an amino acid sequence having at least about 70% identity with SEQ ID NO:1, wherein said protein is capable of catalyzing an addition of Beta-alanine to gamma glutamyleysteine.
- 13. (Amended) [A] The polynucleotide according to claim 12 wherein said first region comprises a polynucleotide encoding [the] an amino acid sequence [depicted as SEQ ID No. 10] characterized by SEQ ID NO:10 and said second region comprises a polynucleotide encoding [the] an amino acid sequence [depicted as SEQ ID No. 1] characterized by SEQ ID NO:1.
- 14. (Amended) A DNA construct comprising [in sequence] a plant operable promoter operably linked to [a] the polynucleotide according to claim 3 [any one of claims 3, 4, 5, 10, 11, 12 or 13] which is operably linked to a transcription termination region.
- 15. (Amended) A method of providing <u>a plant</u> [plants] which [are] <u>is</u> resistant [and/or] <u>or</u> tolerant to an [agrochemical] <u>agrochemical, the method</u> comprising:
 - (a) inserting the polynucleotide of claim 3 into [the] a genome of plant material [a polynucleotide or a polynucleotide sequence according to any one of claims 3, 4, 5, 10, 11, 12 or 13 or a DNA construct according to claim 14] from a plant; [and]
 - (b) regenerating <u>at least one plant</u> [plants] or plant <u>part</u> [parts] therefrom; [and]
 - (c) applying to said [plants or plant parts] <u>plant or plant part</u> [an] <u>a</u> <u>phytotoxic</u> amount of said [agrochemical which is phytotoxic to control like plants and selecting those plants or plant parts which are resistant to said agrochemical.] <u>agrochemical</u>; and
 - (d) selecting at least one plant or plant part which is resistant or tolerant to said agrochemical.

- 16. (Amended) [A] <u>The</u> method according to claim 15 wherein the polynucleotide inserted into said <u>plant</u> material encodes an amino acid sequence <u>characterized by SEQ ID NO:10</u> [depicted as SEQ ID No. 10].
- 17. (Amended) A method of providing <u>a plant</u> [plants] which [are] <u>is</u> resistant [and/or] <u>or</u> tolerant to an [agrochemical] <u>agrochemical</u>, the method comprising:
 - (a) inserting the polynucleotide of claim 10 into [the] a genome of plant material from a plant which [provides for the production of a functional GST, a polynucleotide according to any one of claims 10 to 13 or a DNA construct according to claim 14] produces a functional GST; [and]
 - (b) regenerating <u>at least one plant</u> [plants] or plant <u>part</u> [parts] therefrom; [and]
 - (c) applying to said [plants or plant parts] <u>plant or plant part</u> [an] <u>a</u> <u>phytotoxic</u> amount of said [agrochemical which is phytotoxic to control like plants and selecting those plants or plant parts which are resistant to said agrochemical.] <u>agrochemical</u>; <u>and</u>
 - (d) selecting at least one plant or plant part which is resistant or tolerant to said agrochemical.
- 18. (Amended) [A] <u>The</u> method according to <u>claim 15</u> [any one of claims 15 to 17] wherein said agrochemical comprises <u>at least one of fomesafen [and/or] and acifluorfen.</u>
- 19. (Amended) A transgenic plant or plant part [Plants or plant parts] obtained according to the method of claim 15 [any one of claims 15 to 18].
- 20. (Amended) The transgenic plant or plant part of [Plants or plant parts according to] claim 19 [which are] wherein said plant or plant part is a soybean plant or plant part [plants or plant parts].

- 22. (Amended) A method of providing a plant with [a further] an additionally desired agronomic [trait] trait, the method comprising:
 - (a) inserting a polynucleotide which encodes an additionally desired agronomic trait into [the] a genome of plant material from [a] the transgenic plant or plant part [according to] of claim 19 [or 20 a polynucleotide which provides for the desired agronomic trait]; and
 - (b) regenerating a plant or plant part [plants or plant parts] from said plant [material; or] material.
 - [(a) crossing a first plant or plant part according to claim 19 or claim 20 with a second plant which provides for said desired agronomic trait; and
 - (b) selecting those resultant plants which contain said further desired agronomic trait.]
- 23. (Amended) [A] <u>The</u> method according to claim 22 wherein said [further] <u>additionally</u> desired agronomic trait provides resistance to [a] <u>an</u> herbicide which comprises glyphosate or a salt thereof.
- 24. (Amended) A method of selectively controlling weeds in a field which comprises [said field comprising] crop plants and [weeds said] weeds, the method comprising applying to said field an agriculturally acceptable formulation of an agrochemical comprising at least one of fomesafen [and/or] and acifluorfen wherein [the] said crop plants [are] comprise [the] transgenic plants according to claim 19 [or 20].
- 26. (Amended) [A] <u>An isolated protein comprising either an amino acid</u> [the] sequence [depicted as SEQ ID No. 10] <u>characterized by SEQ ID NO:10</u> or [a protein] <u>an amino acid sequence</u> variant <u>thereof</u> having a Smith Waterman score greater than 766 calculated using [the] <u>a</u> FASTA3 [algorithm] <u>algorithm</u>, wherein [the] said <u>amino acid sequence</u> [protein] variant [still] encodes a Glutathione-S-transferase.

27. (Amended) [A] <u>An isolated protein comprising either an amino acid</u> [the] sequence [depicted as SEQ ID No. 1] <u>characterized by SEQ ID NO:1</u> or [a protein] <u>an amino acid sequence</u> variant <u>thereof</u> having a Smith-Waterman score greater than 2152 calculated using [the] <u>a FASTA3</u> [algorithm] <u>algorithm</u>, wherein [the] said [protein] <u>amino acid sequence</u> variant [still] encodes a homoglutathione synthetase.